

# GAC CORDILLERAN SECTION

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## **Exploration Breakfast Series**

### **“Early stage active Projects”**

7:15 – 8:30 am, Tuesday November 1, 2011

BCIT Downtown Campus

Rooms 282-284, 555 Seymour Street, Vancouver, BC

Cost: \$15 – Pay at Door

Coffee/tea, Muffins

**RSVP: for catering please pre-register no later than October 25th by email to:**  
[morning\\_talks@gac-cs.ca](mailto:morning_talks@gac-cs.ca)

## **CAPOOSE PROJECT Silver Quest Resources Ltd. (SQI – TSX.V)**

**Discussion Leader: David Pawliuk, BSc, P.Geo.  
Vice President Exploration, Silver Quest Resources Ltd.**



CAPOOSE is located approximately 110 km southwest of Vanderhoof, within the Nechako Plateau of central British Columbia.

Capoose contains a N.I. 43-101 compliant indicated mineral resource estimate of 31.22 million tonnes grading 0.38 g/t gold and 26.5 g/t silver for 383,800 ounces contained gold and 26,594,000 ounces contained silver, at a gold equivalent cut-off grade of 0.40 g/t AuEq. Capoose also contains an inferred mineral resource estimate of 37.25 million tonnes grading 0.37 g/t gold and 24.6 g/t silver for 443,200 ounces contained gold and 29,518,000 ounces contained silver, at a gold equivalent cut-off grade of 0.40 g/t AuEq.

Silver Quest's best hole to date is D-08-091, which assayed 0.76 g/t gold and 45.4 g/t silver across 240 m. Garnet-bearing rhyolite that has been quartz-, sericite- and pyrite-altered contains the best mineralization. The mineralized rhyolites are mostly fragmental breccias and tuffs that have been intruded by coeval(?), coherent rhyolite dykes and sills of Late Cretaceous age. The rhyolite dykes are also mineralized with clots and veinlets of garnet and sulphides. The age of the Capoose Batholith, to the west of the property area, and the age of mineralization and alteration within the Capoose Deposit area are similar; thus the mineralization is probably related to the emplacement of the batholith in Late Cretaceous time. Age dates for most of the rocks in the deposit area range from 64 to 72 m.y., but the underlying Bowser Lake and Hazelton group rocks also have been mineralized in places. The mineralization is disseminated, epigenetic and somewhat skarn-style. Capoose is within a porphyry deposit-type setting. Sphalerite, pyrite and galena are the most abundant sulphides.

A summary of the work and results, ***intended to stimulate discussion of future efforts on the project***, will be presented.